

A.D. 1895

At a legal meeting of the inhabitants of ~~voting~~ ^{ward} ~~precinct~~ number one in the ^{city} ~~town~~ of Beverly in the county of Essex, qualified to vote for civil officers, holden at the polling place designated and appointed by the ~~Selectmen~~ ^{Aldermen} of said ~~town~~ ^{city} as the polling place for said ~~precinct~~ ^{ward} number one, to wit:—

The room on the first floor of the building of the Seth Norwood Shoe Company situated on the southerly side of Railroad Avenue by its junction with Raintoul Street

in the ~~town~~ ^{city} of Beverly aforesaid, on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November it being the fifth day of said Month, in the year one thousand eight hundred and

ninety five, for the purpose of giving in their votes by ballot for

Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary, Treasurer and Receiver-General, Auditor, and Attorney-General of the Commonwealth, a counsellor for District Number Five, a Senator for the Second Essex District, a Representative in the General Court for the Twelfth Essex District, a District Attorney for the Eastern District, a Sheriff, County Commissioner and two Special Commissioners for the County of Essex, a Representative in the Fifty-fourth Congress of the United States for District Number Six. Also those qualified to vote for School Committee upon the question:

Is it expedient that municipal suffrage be granted to women?

*Before the polls were opened Jeremiah F. Deemond, Arthur H. Hallie, James McPherson, Lucius A. Tolman, Michael H. Whittenhagen & William H. Stocker

were appointed

by the Wardens and were duly sworn to the faithful discharge of their duties by

Wm. J. Frazer, Warden.

*(The foregoing is to be erased if no such action is taken.)

The following named Inspectors served as ballot clerks:

Jeremiah F. Deemond

Before the polls were opened the ballot box register indicated zero and ^{an} examination of the box showed that it was empty.

After closing the polls the said register indicated that three hundred fifty nine

ballots had been received, there were three hundred forty

names checked upon the check list, and there were seventeen names checked upon the check list of women voters, and three hundred fifty seven ballots were taken from the ballot box, including the ballots received from women voters.

All the ballots given in therefore were sorted, counted and recorded and declaration thereof made as by law is directed, and were for the following persons, namely:—

Upon the question

Is it expedient that municipal suffrage be granted to women?

Yes

Seventy nine

If women Vote Yes

Thirteen

No.

Two hundred nine

If women Vote No.

Two

Blanks

Fifty two

If women Vote Blank

Two

On the question, "Is it expedient that municipal suffrage be granted to women?"

Yea	Male Voters	ninety three votes	93
	Female Voters	eleven votes	11
No	Male Voters	one hundred and eighty five votes	185
	Female Voters	none	
Blank			
		forty three votes	43

Is it Expedient that municipal Suffrage be granted to Women

Yes { Male eighty five
Female thirteen

No { Male two hundred and five
Female none

Blank sixty two

Is it expedient that municipal suffrage be granted to women

Yes	Eighty one
No	Two hundred
Blank	Sixty one

there were 360 men's votes cast

Yes	Eight
No	One

Is it expedient that municipal suffrage be granted to women?

	Men Voters
Yes	Fifty one
No	Seventy one
Blank	Forty seven

	Women Voters
Yes	Five
No	None
Blank	None

Blank

Nineteen

Representative in Congress

Michael W. Berry	of Haverhill	One
Gilbert Ormand Winell	of Danvers	None
William H. Moody	of Haverhill	One hundred and thirty three
Harvey N. Shepherd	of Boston	Thirty eight
Blank		Fifteen

Is it expedient that municipal suffrage be granted to women?

Yes

Sixty six

Women's Ballot

Nineteen

No

Eighty eight

Blank

Thirty three